Movement in the Classroom: Enhancing the Learning Environment Julie Delgado University of Connecticut

Agenda

- Introduction
- Rationale
- Setting up your classroom environment
- Incorporating movement
- Resources



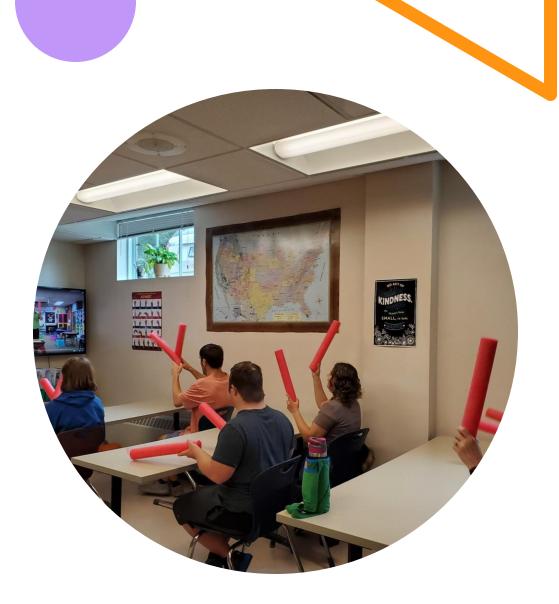
Elementary /

Middle

Who are we?

High School

Administrator



Why movement?

Academic and physical benefits



"Classroom Teachers are in a unique situation that allows them to influence and positively affect both the education and health of students across the nation."

"Certain behaviors established during youth can influence the health of students as they move into adulthood. These behaviors include tobacco use, nutritional habits, levels of physical activity, alcohol, and drug use, sexual behaviors, and behaviors that have the potential to result in violence or unintentional injury."

Childhood obesity epidemic in the US is on the rise (Evans & Sims, 2016).

Academic and Physical Benefits

Improved focus, executive function and attention span

Enhanced memory and retention

Increased creativity and problem-solving skills

Increased health and fitness

Reduced stress levels



Classroom Environment

Creating a movement friendly classroom

Create Environments Where students allow:

Physical- regulation of physical needs

- Alternative seating
- Movement spaces
- Sensory areas
- Lighting
- Music

Emotional-feeling psychologically safe

- Take risks
- Reduce stress

Creative- encouragement of original & divergent thinking

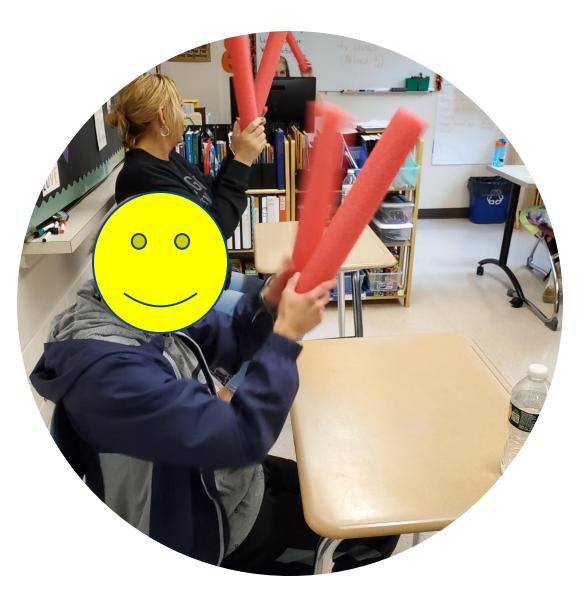
- Variety of materials/ assignments/topics
- Respect differences

Integrating movement into daily routines

<u>Brain breaks</u>

Active learning techniques (e.g., learning stations, interactive games)

Movement-based lessons (e.g., kinesthetic learning)



Brain Breaks

- Brain Breaks: Brain breaks are mental breaks designed to help students <u>stay focused</u> and attend. The brain breaks get students <u>moving</u> to carry blood and oxygen to the brain. The breaks <u>energize</u> or <u>relax</u>. The breaks provide processing time for students to solidify their learning
 - Human Rock-Paper-Scissors
 - Choir Director/Figure 8- crossing the midline
 - <u>Silent Ball</u>
 - <u>Super Chicken</u> Instant Activities (Open Phys Ed)
- Walk and Talk- social-emotional standards, speaking and listening, and can turn into social studies current events/ other topics of choice

WORKSHEETS Don't Grow Dendrites



Active Learning Techniques

Ball/Bean Bag Toss- using math facts, spelling words, alphabet sounds, vocabulary etc.

Poly Spots- using math facts, spelling words, alphabet sounds, vocabulary etc.

Egg Hunts- using plastic eggs with questions (and answers)

Movement-based lessons: Integrating Activities

- Pop-up Reading- spelling words, vocabulary, sight words
- **Books** pick a certain word that appears multiple times throughout the pages and students complete a movement activity when it appears.

• Kinesthetic learning: Order of Operations

Challenges and Solutions



Movement = more focus & overall performance (e.g., better problem solving, mental performance)

Movement with routines/procedures & FUN; Low profile interventions (e.g., nonverbals, proximity) deemphasize the negative (e.g., be proactive, lower your voice)



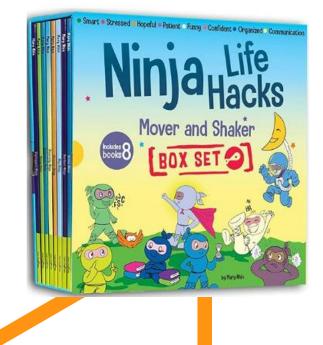
Time



Physical education teachers, PTAs, DonorsChoose.Org

Resources

- SHAPE (Society of Health and Physical Educators) America https://www.shapeamerica.org/
- Calm for Schools https://www.calm.com/schools
- Headspace for Educators https://www.headspace.com/educators
- Unicef Kid Power https://gokidpower.org/
- S'cool Moves https://www.schoolmoves.com/
- <u>OpenPhysed.org</u>
- <u>GoNoodle.com</u>
- Ninja Life Hacks Mover and Shakers Books
- Marcia Tate ... Grow Dendrites



Thank you

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